The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1868. NO. 173

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

[From the National Intelligencer.]

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The mails for the President of the United States are loaded with assurances of popular approbation of his course and proffers of popular support with men and money whenever needed. From among the multitude of these letters and telegraphic dispatches we select the following as a sample of popular opinion of the situation of affairs here:

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 23.—The people here are with you, and ready almost to a man to sustain you in whatever way may be necessary in upholding the Constitution and resisting Congressional usurpation.

AUGUSTA, ME., Feb. 22.—Your course is approved. Our people are ready to aid you with men or money.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Feb. 23.—As Sumner said to Stanton, "Stick." You are right. All of us believe in the propriety of your act. The conduct of Congress has already secured a Democratic majority in this State, and every Democratic voter will aid you, when necessary, with their lives, their blood, or their treasure, to roll back the tide of Congressional revolution and usurpation.

PHILADELPHIA, February 24.—Geary's silly dispatch is the subject of ridicule here. Everybody knows he cannot move a single company of militia. The masses of our people are with you heart and soul. Stand firm, as you have done, as the defender of the Constitution. Pennsylvania will back you.

CINCINNATI, February 22.—Our foreign population almost unanimously, and a large majority of our native population, applaud your course, and are ready when wanted to sustain it with their good right arms.

CHICAGO, February 23.—Keep steadily on. Oglesby has made himself ridiculous. He knew when he sent that dispatch that it was impossible to fill the bill. When you want either men or money, more than half the able-bodied men in the State will promptly respond to your call.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Our bondholders and business men are seriously alarmed. The revolutionary action of Congress has convinced them that it is only fit for mischief. The whole population look to you for relief. They will sustain you in preventing the breaking up of the government. If necessary, you can have half a million of men and millions of money.

The following letter from John Hecker, a large flour manufacturer, and the reform candidate for Mayor of New York in 1865, appears in the New York *Express* of Monday:

"NEW YORK, 25 RUTGER PLACE, }
"February 23, 1868. }

"Reflection upon the startling events which took place in Washington city on Saturday last impels me, as an American citizen, to protest against the arrogant assumptions of the dominant power in Congress. The President of the United States, by virtue of the authority conferred by the Federal Constitution and the laws of our country, has deemed it expedient to remove a subordinate officer, and is resisted in the exercise of this Constitutional right by the Senate and Congress of the nation, who, regardless of law and time-honored precedents, threaten his impeachment. An imperative obligation devolves upon all who value the preservation and perpetuity of our institutions—who desire the administration of our Government to be conducted in accordance with the principles upon which it was organized, and who feel that our liberties are at stake, to assume a determined opposition to this flagrant abuse of a Constitutional privilege. Thus impressed, and calling upon all lovers of their country to unite with me, I offer myself and all that I possess to sustain the President in this crisis.

"And I hereby declare that I will retain no man in my employ who will support the fanatical party which is now dominant in our national councils; that I will have no intercourse whatever with any man who will not uphold the President of the United States in this fearful juncture: and, in the event of impeachment, I call upon all citizens whose sentiments accord with my own to make public their views, and unite as a vigilance committee in his support, and resolve never to yield until our constitutional rights are secured.

Very respectfully,
JOHN HECKER."

Andrew Johnson, President:

INDIANAPOLIS, February 24.—Your friends in Indiana send you greeting; assurances of support in your fight for the Constitution.

Andrew Johnson, President:

PITTSBURG, PA., February 24.—Your friends here are moving. Remain firm.—Be thou ruler even in the midst among thine enemies.

A. G. LLOYD, President D. C.; GEORGE H. KEYSER, Vice President D. C.; WILLIAM MURRAY, of the National Union Committee, Alleghany county.

His Excellency Andrew Johnson:

NEW LONDON, Feb. 24.—At a meeting of the Democrats of New London, held this evening, the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, in view of the present revolutionary attitude of Congress, acting, as its leaders confess, outside of the Constitution of the United States, and in view of the position of the President in resisting such action,

Resolved, That we, the Democrats of the city of New London, pledge him our most hearty support in money, votes, or men.

F. L. ALLEN, Chairman.
B. P. Watrous, Secretary.

Andrew Johnson, President:

NEW YORK, February 24.—Every decent man in New York city is with you. We will take care of all Governor Geary's men. God bless you. We are ready for the issue.

Andrew Johnson, President:

POTTSVILLE, PA., February 24.—Uphold vigorously the executive and judicial departments of the Government against any cabal that attempts to destroy them, and the people will sustain you.

CHARLES D. HIPPLE,
Chairman Democratic Standing Committee, Schuylkill county, Pa.

Andrew Johnson, President:

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., February 24.—You will be sustained in executing the laws under the Constitution in New England.—Stand firm.

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit *honest*, but *unfortunate*, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of *all* their debts and liabilities, *of every kind and description whatever*, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U. S. Commissioner, must accompany the petition and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made, from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10. As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: "Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value ($500) five hundred dollars; also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1864." A safe Counsellor suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their houses and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $700, besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11. It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made, to allot to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 46 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13. Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $50 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the cost depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some Lawyers supposed that no one will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness, in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

FREER, NEAL & Co.,
J. B. NEAL, GEO. H. FREER, [illegible]

COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

Refer to B. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.
Oct. 9—54

ESTABLISHED 1831.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS' SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9, 97-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and Illustrated newspapers of the day
JAS. H. ENNISS
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.
For sale by
J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

SEWING MACHINES!

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY

MACHINES!

CAN BE HAD AT

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES

By Calling upon the Agency in Raleigh,

OVER THE MESSRS. TUCKER & CO'S STORE.

THE superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either family use or manufacturing purposes, are so well established, and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

The machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light-running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single machine,—using either silk, twist, linen or cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the VERY FINEST and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner.

W. H. CROW & SONS,
Jan 27-143-1m Agents.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-204-tf

20 BOXES FACTORY CHEESE, EXPECted daily At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TWO Convenient and desirable HOUSES AND LOTS in the Western Ward of the City, on McDowell Street.

Also, a HOUSE AND LOT, on Fayetteville Street. This is good property. Apply for information at the
SENTINEL OFFICE.
Raleigh, Jan 29-149-tf

LARD! LARD!

Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb buckets
" " " 10 " tins.
" " " 100 " kegs.

For sale by
Dec. 17—112-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Satins in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Bareges, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Barritz, Velourines, Delaines, Mousselines single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Clumey Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Clumey Laces, Real Guipe and Bourbon Lace Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Net, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Waisted Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Gaboons and Stay Bindings, Corset Spirts, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c. China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Grc. tirain and Repl Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tamese, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velourines, Persian Cloths, Mousselines, Chalies, Alpaces and Mohair, all of the very best, Lupton's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and striped Mull Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, soft finish Long Cloths, DeKay Mursailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and figured Swiss Brilliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Underveats, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, Woman Hosiery in great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils to field Lace and Plain Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denmins, Hickney, Hickory, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.

We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of **Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds**, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Broccoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For Cash.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Proceedings and Debates

OF THE CONVENTION OF NORTH CAROLINA, called to amend the Constitution of the State, which assembled at Raleigh, June 4th 1835. We have a few copies of these books, which we will sell at $2 each.
Feb 15-161-tf BRANSON & JONES.

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.
Feb 13-155-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Crackers, Crackers.

FRESH Crackers to-day receiving by
Feb 21-165-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FARINA, FOX, EGG, MUSHROOM, SUGAR and Soda Crackers.
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Whiskey! Whiskey!

20 BBLS., Pure Rye Whiskey, Full proof, very cheap.

ALSO,

An excellent assortment of Wines and other Liquors—and a fresh supply of Cockade CITY ALE.
Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 30 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, that NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.
For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most
LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.
Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building.
Raleigh, Dec. 20—115-3m

THE MOST IMPORTANT
Agricultural Improvement of the Age!
THE WILLIAMS UTILITY PLOW,
PATENTED AUGUST 1867.

AS A CULTIVATOR OF ALL YOUNG CROPS it is unsurpassed, unequalled. By its use, Hoeing is dispensed with. It possesses all the advantages of FOUR different styles of Plows, at a saving of more than one half the cost.
State and county rights of this Plow may be obtained of
W. E. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan 29-148-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. G. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES in Federal Courts, all the State Courts, and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Is prepared to collect claims in any portion of this State.
Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.
Jan. 10—133-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.
FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.
Dec. 19—115-3m.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.
J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-133-3m Proprietor.

YOUNG'S
BOARDING HOUSE,
NEAR THE FAYETTEVILLE HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Board per Day $2.00.

Liberal discounts made on board by the week or month.
Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished. Fare good.
Jan 13-132-tf

WALTER CLARK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-6m

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND
BEST LINE NORTH AND SOUTH TO
BE LET FOR A SONG!!!
LESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY
SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and south, for the last two years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the state four per cent Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest on this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are requested so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another route.

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Orders 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; A. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annamessic,) Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-205-tf Raleigh N. C

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., }
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, }
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 16th, 1867. }

On and after October 16th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 10	A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.17	P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35	A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	7 50	P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7.00	A. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	5.00	P. M.

The Mail Trains make unknown connections with all points North.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—59-tf Supt. of Trans.
☞ Register and Standard copy tf.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO
Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Belting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
Nov. 7—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,
Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.
A general assortment of HARDWARE.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 29-139-tf

TRADE FOR 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS,
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
Which will be sold low for cash.
Just to hand,—Sun and Comet Burners and Chimneys. J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

JUST RECEIVED A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Downs & Co's. celebrated
Deep-Well, Cistern, Force and Lift
PUMPS,
Which we offer on reasonable terms.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 29-138-tf

GARDEN TOOLS!

At 44 Fayetteville Street.

Garden Rakes; Potatoe Digs,
Garden Hoes, Grubbing Hoes,
Garden Trowels; Spades & Shovels,
Hedge Shears; Cable Forks.
J. BROWN.
Jan 30-149-tf With Hart & Lewis.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
105 *West Lombard Street*,
BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GUANO, WPHOSPHATE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.
Sept. 30—48-eod&w3m

ALE! ALE!!—10 BBLS "COCKADE CITY" received this morning. A supply always on hand.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 29-148-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 00
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One year	8
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" " six months	2.0
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 0
" " six months	1.0

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1868.

Conservative State Executive Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ZEBULON B. VANCE,

OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,

COL. EDWARD D. HALL,

OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,

ROBERT W. BEST,

OF GREENE.

FOR TREASURER,

KEMP P. BATTLE,

OF WAKE.

FOR AUDITOR,

S. W. BURGIN,

OF BUNCOMBE.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,

SAMUEL F. PATTERSON,

OF CALDWELL.

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

REV. BRAXTON CRAVEN,

OF RANDOLPH.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

SION H. ROGERS,

OF WAKE.

Conservative State Judicial Ticket.

Supreme Court Judges.

RICHMOND M. PEARSON, of Yadkin,
WILLIAM H. BATTLE, of Orange,
EDWIN G. READE, of Person,
MATHIAS E. MANLY, of Craven,
A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

[The two last, if the number of Judges, as proposed, is increased to five.]

Superior Court.

FIRST DISTRICT.

DAVID A. BARNES,

OF HERTFORD.

SECOND DISTRICT.

EDWARD J. WARREN,

OF BEAUFORT.

THIRD DISTRICT.

GEORGE V. STRONG,

OF WAYNE.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

WILLIAM S. DEVANE,

OF NEW HANOVER.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

R. P. BUXTON,

OF CUMBERLAND.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R. B. GILLIAM,

OF GRANVILLE.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

THOMAS RUFFIN, Jr.,

OF ALAMANCE.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

FRANCIS R. SHOBER,

OF ROWAN.

NINTH DISTRICT.

WILLIAM M. SHIPP,

OF LINCOLN.

TENTH DISTRICT.

ANDERSON MITCHELL,

OF IREDELL.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

JOHN L. BAILEY,

OF BUNCOMBE.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

A. T. DAVIDSON,

OF MACON.

The Conservative State Executive Committee met in this City, on yesterday, and made the foregoing nominations. The labors of the Committee were not completed until a late hour, last night, and we have only space and time to announce the result this morning. We shall refer to it to-morrow,—simply remarking that the people of North Carolina are presented with a noble ticket, worthy of their warmest support and highest admiration.

THE NEW RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

Our readers have already been advised, by telegraph, of the fact, that both Houses of Congress have passed the Bill providing that a majority of *persons voting*, only, on the adoption of the Constitutions, to be submitted by the Southern mongrel Conventions, shall be necessary to their ratification, instead of a majority of all the *registered* voters, as heretofore prescribed. The Bill has gone to the President, will receive a veto, and will then, doubtless, be passed by the necessary two-thirds. It is unnecessary to remark upon the perfidy involved, in this measure—the violation of faith solemnly pledged,—for these are things that will astonish no one, in view of the character of Congress.

But the Conservatives of North Carolina must take it in its new form and defeat the new Constitution by a direct vote. Let them bear in mind the new registration fourteen days before the election. Thousands of qualified white voters in the State have not yet registered. If they are friends of the white race, they must do it, and every Conservative must exert himself to secure the registration of every qualified man.

THE ENGAGEMENTS of the Editors, on yesterday, will account for the absence of our usual variety of Editorial matter to-day.

THE RADICAL NOMINEES.

The nominations made by the Radical nominating Convention, just assembled in this city, will strike the people of the State with surprise. Such a list of objectionable and incompetent men, to fill the offices for which they are named, we do not recollect ever to have seen or heard of before. Certainly, in this selection, the Radicals made no note of personal popularity or fitness, but resolved to go it blind, relying upon the power of the Loyal Leagues and bribery and the various demagogical arts employed by unprincipled people on such occasions.—Such a ticket ought to be beaten, "horse, foot and dragoons." Leave out the negro vote, and the ticket in general could not carry 12,000 votes in aid of the new Constitution and its own election.

As a North Carolina ticket, the only thing approaching to respectability or propriety, as a whole, is the nomination for the Supreme Court; yet we consider that bench greatly weakened by the ticket. As to most of the nominees for the Superior Court bench, such nominations would break down any party, at the bare mention of their names. Just think of it: Corporal Pool in the place of Judge Barnes; jay-bird Jones, in the place of Judge Warren; greasy Sam. Watts, in the place of Judge Gilliam; young D. S. Russell, of Brunswick, who has not read yet, as he ought, the horn-books of the law. Judge Buxton, of course, will do to fill his own place, but we learn he is a Conservative. Settle may do on the Radical ticket if they can elect him. Starbuck has no qualification for a District Attorney, much less a Judge. And as to Logan, Cannon and Bowman, they have no qualifications for the office. Judge Mitchell is out of place on that ticket, unless the mongrels simply desired to compliment a good Judge and a good Conservative.

Judge Pearson was doubtless selected by the Radicals, for the purpose of giving character to their ticket and on account of his capacity as a Judge, as he is well-known to be a Conservative man.

The State ticket, as a whole, is the most vulnerable, which could have been named. Holden, the father of secession in North Carolina, twice beaten for Governor before the white people of the State, will share the same fate as heretofore. Todd R. Caldwell is a petulant, vindictive Radical, who, some time since, declared to a gentleman, that "Holden was too timid. Nothing would do for the rebels but hanging." We are told, he declared, if he had his way, he would begin with James Buchanan, then with Jeff. Davis and Andrew Johnson, and besides these he would hang every rebel Governor who aided the war. The gentlemen to whom he was speaking, said "But you would not hang Zeb Vance?" Yes, said he, he would be the first, and he would go to witness Zeb's hanging, and rejoice over it. This, we learn, is undoubtedly true. And such a man is brought forth for the votes of the people of North Carolina! Menninger has been a druggist in Newbern and edits the *Republican*. He is a Northern man and a son-in-law of Col. Heaton. Jenkins, of Gaston, we are told, made lots of money by buying and selling negroes before the war, but, with the exception of shrewdness, in money making, he has no fitness for the place. Henderson Adams for Auditor could be better supplied by ten thousand. As an accountant, we presume, he is entirely deficient. Coleman, for Attorney General, is a young man of parts—has the brains of the ticket for State officers, but has put his talents to a bad use by perverting them sadly. C. L. Harris for Superintendent of Public Works! He is much nearer his calibre in his business of supplying the military with wood at $5 per cord, when everybody else sells it for $4. What does he know about the Public Works? It is a caricature of the office. Rev. S. S. Ashley, the Pilgrim father from Cape Cod, Superintendent of Public Education! What does North Carolina want with a Massachusetts man for that office? He neither respects the white people of North Carolina, nor can they respect him.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

The message of the President to the Congress in reply to the resolution of the Senate, declaring that the President had no right to remove Mr. Stanton without its consent, breathes the spirit of an honest man bent upon his duty, which no threats can intimidate or fears lure from the paths of rectitude. He avouches his purpose was simply to test the constitutionality of the Tenure-of-office bill, and clearly shows that admitting its constitutionality, he had not violated it. The bill by a fair and legitimate construction, clearly prohibits the President from removing any officer which he had appointed himself, without the consent of the Senate. This construction was put upon it by Radical Senators at the time of its passage, and strong doubts were expressed whether it could be applied to any officer of the Cabinet.

It will be seen that the Radicals will not now be able to make the impeachment "stick." There are Senators of that party who hope to live after to-day, and they are wise enough to see, that the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, for so trivial a cause, will not be sustained by the people of the United States. When the present feeling has passed away, and the people begin to review calmly the acts and purposes of the Radical party, the men who have been active in their aggressions upon the Constitution and upon the liberties of the people, must go down.

BLADEN COUNTY.—A friend, writing from this county, under date of the 22nd., says:

"The people of this county, though not represented in the late White Man's Convention, are fully aroused to the danger and importance of the hour, and are determined to shake off the dust of lethargy and strike one more blow to retrieve the fallen fortunes of our good old State and stem the tide of Radical fanaticism and ruin, with which we are threatened."

Prentice says some kind of ink are deadly poisons—Grant's has been the death of him.

Our Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., Feb. 27th, 1868.

Messrs. Editors:—The intervention of a few days, has served to dispel much of the intense and feverish excitement manifested in the public mind in this city. On Monday, there was, on the part of the community, some degree of apprehension of revolutionary violence from one or the other parties now in conflict. There was a vast throng of people in the Capitol to witness the sensational and vulgarly dramatic exhibitions of one hundred and twenty-six men, some to give vent to silly partizanism, some to rid themselves of long pent-up bitterness, and others to render a still more contemptible part in the political drama,—that of weak timidity and abject submission to party; and finally to end an exhibition the most patently disgraceful on the national record, by insulting that nation by casting a venal vote on the most vitally important subject which ever came before it for decision. The political situation, to-day, is infinitely cooler, clearer, more calm and deliberative. The public mind, too, is far more discriminative, and capable of appreciating the true principles involved in the contest, and in public affairs generally,—The present reactionary calm and reflective tendency of public opinion, is what of all others the partizans of Congress would avoid. It is their most implacable enemy, because the best friend of truth, and justice.

On Monday, such was the earnest and longing anxiety with which Radicalism, conscious of wrong in itself, looked out for the most insignificant indications of violent resistance, on the part of him who was the object of their malignity, that they might have material of accusation to brace up a bad cause with, that numerous sensational concoctions were made up for the occasion, to lend still further to the public mind false ideas of contemplated violence, which they only feared would not come.—There was a grand display of uniformed police. But no violence, nor signs of violence, came from the Presidential part of the Avenue, and Congress retired to bed, at night, a sadder, and, it is not improbable, a disappointed people. Instead of violence, the President offers Thomas Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, one of the patriotic statesmen of a better and older period, in place of Stanton, and, with him, a message so clear, so truthful, candid and honest, on the grounds of impeachment, that no honest man can doubt its sincerity. They anxiously expected a *serpent*, but instead, he only offers them bread. This to them, was a still further indignity. Not so much the offer, as the cool and high toned manner in which it was done.

It is well for the country, that this critical period has at last arrived, and, particularly, that it has come in its present shape. While the partizans of Congress have encouraged, and even tendered violence, the truly pacific and purely civil character of the Presidential policy, in this affair, has not only disarmed his enemies, but given to them a rebuke so signal as to stupify them. It will be difficult for them to recover from the damaging effects of this blow. The matter now will certainly take the due course of the law, and every day will serve to force his accusers to pause and deliberate. Deliberate investigation can only serve also to establish the paltriness, the contemptible insignificance of the charges against him. These charges cannot bear investigation, nor can the party which makes them, afford to have them on record in future.—In future history they would convict that party of the foulest dishonesty and most deliberate partizanism. The removal of the President can never compensate them for the stigma of the transaction, and whether acquitted or convicted, the reasons and grounds are untenable in truth and justice, and will furnish valuable testimony against the perpetrators of wrong. The fact that the more deliberate of the Radical Senators, and the presiding Chief Justice are, as is now known, counselling deliberation and the observance of law in the impending trial before the Senate, clearly indicates, at this early stage, that men are becoming more cautious and timid. The President only asks for legal investigation, and when a man asks honestly for the protection of law, and places himself upon its justice and equity, it is not often that the sympathies of the people will deny it to him, or will suffer him to be wronged. B. B.

SUPREME COURT.—Opinions delivered as follows:

By PEARSON, C. J. In May *vs.* Hanks, in equity, from Chatham, decree for plantiff. In Fort *vs.* Bank of Cape Fear, from Wake, judgment. In Moore *vs.* Miller, in equity, from Wake, *demurrer* allowed, bill dismissed. In Taylor *vs.* Miller, in equity from Wake, *demurrer* allowed, bill dismissed.

By BATTLE, J. In Doe *ex dem* Hall *vs.* Want, from Craven, reversed, judgment for plantiff. In State *vs.* Taylor and Knight, from Edgecombe, no error. In Bryan *vs.* Hughes, in equity, from Craven, decree to be drawn. In Wood *vs.* Wood, from Wayne, judgment affirmed.

By READE, J. In Smith *vs* Coble, in equity, from Guilford, *demurrer* overruled with costs, injunction continued to the hearing. In Williamson *vs.* Fox, in equity, from Mecklenburg, decree for specific performance. In Sneed *vs.* Smith, error.

Henry G. Williams, of Nash, was licensed to practice in the County Courts.

THE REGISTER ON THE NOMINATIONS.

The *Register*, (Republican,) of this City, edited by D. R. Goodloe, Esq., has the following to say about the nominations by the negro Radical Convention:

"The nomination of Mr. Holden for the office of Governor, will itself rouse every element of opposition in the State to the highest pitch of excitement. He has lost a brilliant opportunity to display a magnanimous and self sacrificing devotion to the cause which he professes to have so much at heart. His name, which is a synonym for whatever is harsh, proscriptive, and hateful to nine-tenths of the white people of the State, will repel thousands of voters, and will go far to counterbalance the good effects which would otherwise flow from making a liberal Constitution.

If the Constitution should be defeated after excluding from it everything proscriptive, the fact will be mainly due to the candidacy of Ex-Governor Holden. His intelligent friends must feel the force of these considerations, and they should impress his mind with the duty of withdrawing from a position in which he is made a great obstruction to the restoration of North Carolina to the Union.

There are other names on the ticket which we regret to see there. They will be heavy weights to carry, and their nomination by the Convention, implies great confidence in the strength of the cause. But of these we shall speak hereafter.

Some of the judicial nominations are very good, and some very indifferent."

EXCITEMENT IN BEDFORD, PA.—*Bedford, Pa.*, February 25.—There is great excitement in Bedford. Several companies are being formed to support the President. Capt. T. H. Lyons has fifty men on his list; and at least three companies can be ready in forty-eight hours.

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

MORNING SESSION.

FRIDAY, Feb. 28, 1868.

Convention called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Warrick, (negro.)

Leave was granted the Committee on Internal Improvements to sit during the session of the Convention, to-day.

RESOLUTIONS, ORDINANCES, &c.

By Mr. Ellis: A resolution, that the mail matter sent by this body, at the expense of the State, is without precedent and should be at once stopped. Lies over.

CALENDAR.

The ordinance of Mr. King, of Lenoir, allowing the widow of any testator to enter her dissent, in certain cases, was taken up.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, thought it should go through the hands of a Committee before action.

Mr. King wished to have a vote on it now.

After some debate, it was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Andrews' ordinance, concerning a reduction of the State tax upon Theatrical and Concert Troupes, was taken up.

Mr. Abbott thought the present tax amounted to almost a prohibition, and the tax provided for by the ordinance was reasonable, and would, in the end, prove a source of revenue to the people.

Mr. Welker objected.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, favored the passage of the ordinance.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) also favored it.

Mr. Colgrove thought they should go on and frame a Constitution, and, therefore, moved to lay the ordinance on the table.—Lost.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) called the previous question. The call was sustained, the yeas and nays were called upon the passage of the ordinance, and resulted, yeas 61, nays 38.

SPECIAL ORDER—REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

On motion of Mr. Rodman, section 5 was read and adopted.

Section 6 was amended and adopted.

(Section 8 was adopted the other day.)

Section 9 was adopted, without debate.

In section 10, Mr. Graham, of Orange, objected to the words "and its (the Supreme Court's) decisions shall be remitted to the Courts below," but, after some little debate, Mr. Graham said he would waive amendment on this reading, and the section was then adopted.

Section 11 was adopted.

Section 12, already adopted.

Section 13, laying off the Judicial Districts was adopted.

Section's 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, (26 already passed) 27, 28 and 29 adopted.

Mr. Candler moved an additional Section, providing for the election of Justices of the Peace by the qualified voters of the county, to hold office for six years.

Mr. Tourgee said that the Committee is tended to introduce a Section, providing for Justices of the Peace.

Mr. Candler withdrew it at the request of Mr. Rodman, on being told that the Committee would report a Section, covering this ground.

Section 30, was amended and adopted.

Section 31 was adopted.

Mr. Tourgee moved to re-consider the vote on section 24. Carried.

Mr. T. moved to amend, by adding, "and Constitution of the United States."

Mr. Graham, of Orange, said he would have no objection to the words "and Constitution of the U. S. and laws made in pursuance thereof." He offered an amendment to that effect.

Mr. Tourgee did not desire to give the Judges power, at present, to enforce any law, in conflict with the laws or Constitution of the United States. He wished to limit their power as to the laws of the *old* State.

Mr. Graham called for the yeas and nays upon his amendment, *which was refused and his amendment was rejected!*

Mr. Tourgee's amendment was put to a vote and carried.

The section, as amended, was adopted.

The vote on section 26 was, on motion of Mr. Heaton, re-considered.

Mr. Heaton moved to substitute "8" instead of "16" years as the tenure for Judges of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Tourgee objected to the proposed amendment.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, supported it.

Mr. Heaton said that when he first saw the report of the Committee, after it was determined to make the office elective, he was perfectly astonished at the long term proposed. It was directly in conflict with their action in adopting the popular system. You might as well put a man in for life, as for sixteen years.

Mr. May objected to sixteen years. He did not believe he could hardly go eight.—He thought five or six was long enough.

Mr. Rodman said that the reason that the Committee had reported a long term, was, because they wished to make the elective system as little objectionable as possible, and to keep the Judges from being controlled by party influences. He had, from the first opposed the election system, but had yielded to the expressed sense of the Convention. He wished to take every possible precaution to preserve the bench from all temptation and corruption.

Mr. Tourgee opposed any short term. In his list of objections, he stated that gentlemen, nominated by the Convention, yesterday, accepted the nomination, upon the hypothesis that the terms were to be long ones.

Mr. Congleton moved to strike out "sixteen," and insert "six."

Mr. Jones, of Washington, said that such was the attachment to the present system, felt by some of the Committee, that they had, before making a definite report, asked instructions of the Convention in the matter. The Convention decided to make the whole Judiciary Department elective by the people. They (the Committee) had bowed to their decision and reported accordingly, and he thought that, in respect to those men who had yielded their opinion in this matter, gentlemen should not oppose this fair compromise. He (Mr. J.) was really opposed to the elective system, but his objections had been overruled and he yielded to the expressed wish of the majority, but he thought long terms was now the only safe guards against temptation and corruption.

The question recurred upon Mr. Congleton's amendment, which was put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Tourgee moved to amend Mr. Heaton's amendment, by striking out "8" and inserting "12."

Mr. Nicholson said that at first he had opposed the change, but, having been overruled, he now favored the long term of office. He would vote for Mr. Tourgee's amendment.

Mr. Ray advocated a short term; he would vote for eight years and no more.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, thought long terms the safest course; he would vote for Mr. Tourgee's amendment.

The question recurred upon Mr. Tourgee's amendment; the yeas and nays were called and the vote stood: yeas 45, nays 53.

The question recurred upon the adoption of Mr. Heaton's amendment.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, called for the yeas and nays.

The call was sustained, and the roll being called, the vote resulted, yeas 64, nays 34.

Mr. King, of Lincoln, offered an additional section, to come in between sect's 26 and 27, providing for the removal of Judges, on account of mental and physical disabilities, by the Legislature. Lost.

Mr. Heaton moved to amend, by striking out, in line 6, the word "twelve" and insert "six." (Term of Superior Court Judges.)

Hood (negro) moved to amend that amendment, by striking out "six," and inserting "eight." Carried.

The amendment, as amended, was adopted.

The section, as amended, was adopted.

Mr. Heaton asked the Hall for the use of J. P. Taylor, to lecture on the Judiciary, to morrow evening.

Mr. Tourgee stated that the Republican State Committee wished to hold a caucus in it on that night.

Mr. Heaton withdrew the application.

On motion of Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, the House adjourned until 7½ o'clock this evening.

NOTE.—In the vote, taken some days ago, on Mr. Jones' amendment, requiring a test-oath for voters, Mr. Gunter, of Chatham, should have been recorded as voting in the negative.

PROPHECY FULFILLED.—"If the infernal fanatics and abolitionists ever get power in their hands they will override the Constitution, set the Supreme Court at defiance, change and make laws to suit themselves, lay violent hands on those who differ with their infallibility, and finally bankrupt the country and deluge it with blood."—*Daniel Webster, March 7, 1850.*

[The above appears in the Philadelphia *Age* of Monday in perhaps a dozen different places, and in each time in capital letters.]

MARRIED,

In this City, on Wednesday evening last, by Rev Dr. Craven, Mr. GEO. T. STRONACH to Miss BETTIE COOKE, eldest daughter of Geo. F. Cooke, Esq.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POTATOES!

Jackson White Potatoes, Peach Blow Potatoes, Dykeman Potatoes, Mercer Potatoes, selected for planting, and for sale cheap by
Feb. 29—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

N. C. POTATOES AND APPLES.
To-day receiving by
Feb. 29—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

WINTER OATS!

50 bushels Winter Oats to-day received.
Feb. 29—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

The genuine article, for sale by
Feb. 29—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NO. 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Cross-cut Saws, various sizes. Mill Saw, Hand Saw, and Blacksmith Files Anvils, Bellows and Vices. Best quality Kerosene Oil Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Feb. 29—tf With Hart & Lewis.

SECOND CARGO NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

200 Hhds; 25 Barrels and Tierces Choice New Crop Cardenas Molasses, momently expected per Brig "S. F. Brown." For sale by
WORTH & DANIEL,
Feb 28—3t Wilmington, N. C.

FRESH ROCKPORT STONE LIME.

25,000 barrels fresh Rockport Stone Lime daily expected, for sale from Wharf, at very reduced rates, by WORTH & DANIEL,
Feb. 29—3t Wilmington, N. C.

J. A. McDONALD, OF CHATHAM, AT the request of many friends, announces himself as an independent candidate for Congress in the Fourth (Metropolitan) Congressional District.
Feb 28 - te

1868. Hardware Trade. 1868.

ON HAND.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Forks and Spoons, Silver Plated Casters, Sweeds and Refined Iron, Cast and Blister Steel, Garden Tools

ALSO

Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, Shoe Lasts and Pegs. J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Feb. 27—tf With Hart & Lewis.

SUPERIOR OLD APPLE AND PEACH BRANDY. W. H. JONES & CO.
Feb. 26—tf Auct.-neers & Com. Merchants.

N. C. IRISH POTATOES.
Feb. 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auc. & Com. Merchants.

LADIES' AND GENT'S SHOES, made in Salem. Come and see them! Cheap and well made—best material. W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb. 26—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CROCKERY AND CHINA WARE.

20 Crates well assorted Cups and Saucers, Plates, Dishes, Bowls, Pitchers, &c. China, Tea and Dinner Sets. W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb. 26—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

Cheese. Cheese.

I AM TO-DAY RECEIVING a consignment of Cheese, which I will sell cheap for cash.
Feb 26—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Oats! Oats! Oats!

ONE Hundred Bushels prime Oats, for sale by
Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF FINE WHITE MEAL, CORN, FLOUR AND RYE. W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb. 25—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

In Store and for Sale low.
100 Choice Maryland hams.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Statement, Dec. 31st. 1867.

Accumulated Assets

$17,670,288,88

INCOME FOR 1867

$7,726,516,53

FOR PREMIUMS

$6,332,804,95

FOR INTEREST

$1,393,711,58

Losses paid in 1867

$1,268,758,18

Dividends paid in 1867

$643,005,00.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
Feb 17-165-tf General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

20 BBLS. No. 1 FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

ANOTHER

LOT Cockade City Ale, just to hand.
Feb 6-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S

EDUCATIONAL.

Davenport Female College.

Lenoir, North Carolina.

RE-ORGANIZED, RE-FITTED, AND RE-FURNISHED.

IF YOU WISH TO EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHTERS at an excellent school, conducted by competent Teachers, in a healthy quiet place, amid sublime mountain scenery, and at astonishingly low rates, send them, on or before the 3rd of February, 1868, to the above Institution. It bids fair to enjoy a career of unprecedented success and usefulness.

Board and Tuition for twenty weeks, $77,00.
Apply for a Circular to
Rev. SAMUEL LANDER, A. M.,
Dec. 20—114-whawtmar1 President.

Kittrell's Springs Female College.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a family of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organs, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

TERMS MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the South. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people, in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to
REV. C. B. RIDDICK, President.
Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA

Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Science and Languages, and the Commercial Course it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from
GEN'L R. E. COLSTON, Sup't,
Dec. 20—114-tf Hillsboro' N. C.

Application for admission should be made early.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.

No. 33 Wall and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15—1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept. 28—45- tf.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

37 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.
Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

MISCELLANEOUS

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

THE GROWTH OF 1867!

Warranted Fresh and Genuine.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, BLOOMSDALE, NEAR PHILADELPHIA. These seed are warranted *fresh* and *genuine*,—are neatly put in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.
Apply at N. C. Bookstore,
J. H ENNISS,
Feb 4-151 Bookseller.

FOR 1868!

A NEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.
J. H. ENNISS,
Feb 4-151-tf Bookseller.

FOR SALE.

LARD in Bbls., Molasses in Bbls., and Mountain Butter in Kegs.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Feb 21-165-tf Auc't. & Comm. Merchants.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

FOR RENT,

THE BOYLAN HOUSE AND LOT, ON HILLSboro Street, with ten rooms, all furnished. Possession given 1st March. The furniture in the house could be bought on 6 months time, with note and good security for rent, and furniture.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auctioneers & Comm'. Merchants.
Feb 21-165-tf

Flour in Sacks!

FORTY SACKS N. C. Family Flour, in store and for sale by
Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PATAPSCO Family Flour!!!
Bellair Family Flour!!!
North Carolina Flour!!!
in Barrels, and warranted first rate.
Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RAILROADS.

Notice to Shippers of Spirits Turpentine!

THE SEABOARD

INLAND AIR LINE,

VIA PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

IS NOW PREPARED TO SHIP

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

To Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, its Steamers having been arranged for that purpose.

THIS AIR LINE ROUTE, FROM THE FACT of its avoiding trans-shipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.

In shipping from the Northern cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.

From Boston, Merchants and Miners' Line, E. Sampson, Agent, and Central Wharf.

From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Co., Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready, President, Office 187 Greenwich Street.

From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

Annamessex Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. Is Wilson, Agent.

From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock E. L. Foor, Agent.

All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to
JAS. McCANDRICK, Trans Ag't.,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

THE SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD AND BAY LINE, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantee safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. OHIO,
Sup't Transportation, S. A. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH,
Jan. 6—126-3m Sup't Bay Line Steamers.

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF

EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—ly

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8 00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 19-164-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

A NEW ARRIVAL

OF COFFEES, TEAS AND SPICES.

Old Gov. Java, Laguira and Rio Coffees.
Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves and Mace.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Feb 17-163-tf Fayetteville St.

For Sale.

NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan. 17—145-tf

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Feb. 17-162-tf Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C

House and Lot in Greensboro.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE HOUSE WITH four rooms. A good Kitchen, Smoke-house, and office, a good stable, a well and good Garden. For rent, for the present year. Location desirable.
Apply to
C. G. YATES.
Feb 17-162-2aw3t*

No. 44, Fayetteville Street.

FRESH arrival of Western Empire Cook Stoves.

ALSO, ON HAND,

Air-tight, and Cast Iron Heating Stoves. Stove Pipe made to order.

ALSO,

All kind of Tin and Sheet Iron Work done at Short notice.
J. BROWN,
Feb 8-155-tf With Hart & Lewis.

THE IMPROVED SELF-ACTING

MENDENHALL'S

HAND LOOM.

OFFICE OVER S. H. YOUNG'S STORE,
FRONTING TUCKER HALL,
Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH.

FROM EIGHTEEN TO THIRTY YARDS CAN be woven on this Loom in a day.

It can be run either by power or by hand.

Its parts are SELF-CHANGING! By the turning of an easy crank, it lays the Warp off, winds up the Cloth, treadles the Treadles, and throws the Shuttle. It weaves Jeans, Satinets, Linsey, Plaided Twill, Double-Plain Cloth, various kinds of Ribbed Goods, Fencing Twills of all kinds, Flat, Cotton, Tow, or all-wool Cloth, Bagging Toweling, Table Linen, Balmoral Skirts, Woolen, Linen and Hemp Carpets; in fact, anything from a Handsome silk to a Rag Carpet!

This Loom has been extensively introduced into the Southern States since the war, and is proving a great success.

FIVE HUNDRED LOOMS

have been sold in the single State of Georgia, in the last six months, "and in no instance has there been a complaint." So says Mr. Ballentine, who is the General Agent for that State.

For further particulars, address, with stamp
W. R. CUNNINGHAM,
General Agt for the State of N. C.
Feb. 26—dw4w[m

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the cooperation of Southern Merchants. He is by assuring himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at least pecus, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Dunk's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TERMS REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the Daily Sentinel at the following rates. A square will be one inch or less measurement (at 13 inches to the column), or 14 inches, if not occupied by more than two advertisements.

One square one time	$1,00
" " one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,00
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	13,00
Each additional "	8,00
One square three months	18,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	30,00
One half column "	50,00
One column "	90,00

Regular business cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in less at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 50 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $12 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they want to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1868.

WAKE COUNTY CONVENTION.

We are requested to announce that a meeting of the Conservatives of Wake County will be held, in this City, at the Court House, on Thursday, the 5th. of March, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature and for county offices.

There being no time left for holding precinct meetings, all whom this announcement may reach are requested to communicate the information, in order that, if possible, citizens from all portions of the County may be present on the occasion. Some Conservative in each district can easily apprise many of his neighbors of the contemplated meeting.

THE SO-CALLED.

The mongrels were engaged, on yesterday morning, almost exclusively, on the Judiciary Article. The Report of the Committee was amended so as to make the term of office of both Supreme and Superior Court Judges *eight* years. This is another Yankee innovation.

ALMOST A FIGHT.—We learn that the purpose of McDonald, of Chatham, to run for Congress, at all hazards, has seriously disgruntled Dewecse, and the partizan hacks among the Radicals. A most serious quarrel is impending between them, and McDonald is threatened with expulsion from the party. Mac. is determined not to be ruled off by the Yankee understrappers, as Jim Harris was. He is not made of the stuff to be bought off, if he *is* great on cakes and candy; and we admire his pluck. In the meantime, the blacks are not a little sore at the manner in which they have been treated, and they have cause to be. Harris had the endorsement of Holden and McDonald, as eminently fit for Congress or any other position, and yet Harris, after much blustering about the rights of the blacks, allows himself and the blacks generally to be pushed off the log. This is bad treatment, but he and they deserve it, for reposing confidence in a class of men who were never true to any party—are untrue to their own color and must be so to the blacks.

It is now perfectly plain that any decent, respectable colored man, Handy Lockett, Cuffee Mayo, John Hyman, Jim Jones, Booker Hutchins or Jim Harris, can beat both Dewcese and McDonald for Congress in this District if, one of them was determined to run. No matter what the Radicals may say about negroes going to Congress, if one or a dozen of them were elected to Congress, they would be compelled on their own principles to admit them. There are ten colored men in the Edenton District, who can beat French for Congress. O'Hara, or Ellis Lavender, or John Randolph, or one of a dozen others, who could be named in the Newbern District, could beat Col. Heaton, and so of the colored leaders in the Wilmington District. And yet, after the manifest determination of the *white* Radicals to rule them off, they will submit to such treatment like whipped curs, and still vote for those who have deceived them. Let them follow the Radicals to their hearts' content. They have made the issue against the true white men of the South, and of the State, and they must abide the consequences. The white men of the State will rally to the standard of a white man's party and a white man's government.

NEW RAILROAD ARRANGEMENTS.—At a meeting of the officers of the North Carolina, Raleigh & Gaston and Wilmington & Weldon Railroads, held in this City on yesterday, an amicable arrangement was made by the Raleigh & Gaston with the N. C. Railroad for the shipment of freights,—the Raleigh & Gaston hereafter to pay the North Carolina Railroad the same profit as if the shipment was *via* Goldsboro. Whilst this is a very profitable arrangement to the North Carolina Railroad, and reflects credit on its managers, it is also advantageous to the R. & G. R. R.

Freights will now go *via* the Raleigh & Gaston, at a great saving of distance, &c.

THEN.

"Who will plot for the heads of Abe Lincoln and Gen. Scott?"—*W. W. Holden, Raleigh Standard of June 5th. 1861.*

NOW.

"Such is the Abraham Lincoln whom we loved and honored."

"Bury him tenderly—Hot tears flow
For the regal soul and kingly heart laid low,
Bury him lovingly. Good men bowed
Him whom the nation in honor dead crowned."

W. W. Holden, as quoted in Standard, Feb. 28, 1868.

MISSOURI DEMOCRACY ON THE SITUATION. St. Louis, February 25.—The Democracy of St. Louis are taking measures for a mass meeting at an early day to express their views on the situation at Washington.

Grant's friends say that his money is "treacherous." We rather think it is his disposition.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

For the Sentinel.

Ethiopians! rejoice and be exceeding glad! The day of your redemption is come! Sound the loud timbrel! Flash the old banjo! "Blow the fife! Beat the drum! Drive all the Yanky fanatics (entrenched past human power) until their legs get tireless!" Dust them up!" Stir up everybody! Jubilate! Jubilate! Jubilate! The great day has arrived! said William Woods Holden has taken the track in the grand race for a Governorship! "God knows he never sought the office."—never. They have told lies, abominable lies, on the very modest and truthful gentleman. It was by no means himself who sought the nomination at the Charlotte Convention, which nominated John W. Ellis. It was some other man who assumed his honored name. "God knows that *he* never sought the office."—for what he not say so! It was not he who run against that wild man Zebulon in 1862, but some corruptionist intimates of our glorious and truthful candidate. That unctuous-cloaked rascal was beaten 20,000 white votes, as he deserved to be for his impudence.—He thought he was going to beat by 10,000, and by probably twice that number. Such low craft and cunning deserved a signal rebuke—and he got it.

Some other man—not our William Woods—but merely assuming his name, did run against the honest old Quaker in 1865; but that miserable deceiver and liar was also beat out of both breeches and boots. So *this* wretched "counterfeit presentment" got his deserts also. God knows our William Woods never sought the office—not he. He was indeed a sort of a Governor once, and resigned for a year or so.—But that was *thrust on him*, much against his will. He never went to Washington City after it—never. Washington City came to him, and covered him all over with gubernatorial glory, before he knew it.—The victim of *unsought* honors went to bed sober, and rubbing his eyes the next morning found himself famous—a live Governor! And there stood before him that traitor and usurper, Andy Johnson, pawing all over his precious head, and anointing his person generally. Our friend, thus stolen away from among us, and reluctantly consecrated to glory, was sent odoriferous and oily, to govern this Satrapy. What could the gentleman do? Why, he made the best of the condition into which he had been forced.—He accepted the office, under protest, and he governed wisely and well for the space of a year or more. "He had no resentments to gratify" and he *gratified none*. "He had no enemies to punish," and he *punished none*. At the end of the year his soul thirsted for retirement and quiet, and in imitation of the illustrious example of the great Charles the Fifth, he sought relief from the weight of his power, and his honors, by a voluntary abdication—and retreated to the peaceful Yuste on Hargett street, when in one day he enjoyed more real happiness than during the whole year of his gubernatorial power. There was he indulging in calm and pious meditations, and like the great Emperor, preparing for the awful change, and trying to repent of his sins to the best advantage, when the great army of "kinky heads" (colored gentlemen now) came and ravished him away, once more, from his studies and contemplations, and placed him in command, sorely against his will, of the grand army of the Ethiopians as their General in Chief. He is to lead you forth in this holy war of races—having resigned his ordinary overseership into my hands. He shall henceforth be the head of the host—leading you on to conquest and glory; I shall follow in the rear, being the tail of the army as it were, to see if you all do your duty—and that there be no stragglers.

This honor, which God knows he never sought, has filled his great heart almost to bursting. It came over him with overwhelming force, it was so unexpected! But he could not put it aside, as Cæsar did the crown. The voice of 70,000 kinky heads (now transmuted into delicate colored gentlemen) could not be disregarded. He felt himself obliged to make the sacrifice—and nobly he made it. With a swelling heart he called Joseph William to his side and laying his hands on the blessed head of the fruit of his loins, he left him in charge of the peaceful matters which had engrossed his own great heart at Yuste—and incontinently girded himself for the gigantic war, whose glory and success he will share with you. Unsophisticated Heroes of Africa! Now is your time. Rally around your great leader! He hath been *always* your friend. When he called you "kinky heads"—and talked about working and whipping you well, it was in his "salad days," and, moreover, he was under a "moral compulsion," *more or less*. You are kinky heads no longer. You are no longer to be worked or whipped. So long as hogs are fat, and smoke houses well stored, and hen roosts populous, there is to be no working—Work is an obsolete idea—to be scorned as unworthy of Heroes. You need no longer shiver at the sight of the whipping post.—That is abolished too.

Your glorious leader may not have had, formerly, an affection for your race which was distressingly intense. But he loves you *now* with a deep and *abiding* love. Trust your glorious commander! He will never lead you astray; nor desert you in trouble. His manly heart is above all treachery and deceit. A pattern of unselfish purity, and candid faith, he was never known to betray his friends. Of unsullied honor, he sticketh to a friend closer than to a brother.—Having never deceived the white race, be ye sure that he will never deceive yours.

Gentlemen warriors! Rally round your noble chief! Your Millennium is not more than three months off. It is dawning already. Can't you spell out the Star Bangles! Spanner!

Don't you see the goddess Aurora poking away the clouds in the East with her rosy fingers? And would you like to kiss rosy fingers—and rosy lips? Then rally, boys, rally! and rosy lips shall be yours. The peaches are ripe on the tree—ready to fall blushing and melting into your broad Heroic mouths. They need water no longer for the forbidden fruit. Happy Ethiopian! stretch out thy hand.

"Lovely Thais sits beside thee
Take the good the Gods provide thee."

WINDY BILLY,
Temporary Overseer of the U. H. O. A.

NO SUSPENSION OF THE PRESIDENT.

Much of the feverishness in the public mind in regard to the impeachment proceedings arises from the supposition that Congress will attempt to suspend the President while the trial is in progress, that he will resist the same, and that serious difficulties will ensue.

From what we can learn there is not the least ground believe that it will be attempted to suspend the President; on the contrary, the indications are that the impeachment trial will go on under the usual well established forms of procedure, and with full time allowed for deliberate consideration, such as is due to the importance and dignity of the question and the office. —*Star of 25th.*

MR. CHASE IS READY.—The question has been raised whether the other engagements of Chief Justice Chase would not compel him to defer the impeachment trial; but it is stated no obstacles will intervene.—*Forney.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Noon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON—SUCCESS OF IMPEACHMENT DOUBTFUL IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, M.

The Impeachment Committee hope to be able to submit articles to the House this afternoon.

The *Herald's* Washington *special* says that Impeachment cannot pass the Senate.

Senators Trumbull, Fessenden, Anthony, Sprague, Tipton, Van Winkle, Willey and Sherman will vote against it.

REVOCATION OF GEN. HANCOCK'S ORDER.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.

Gen. Hancock issued an order last night, by direction of Gen. Grant, revoking so much of his Special Order No. 28, as removes the Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen of New Orleans therein named, for contempt of orders, and appointing others in their stead, and restoring the old Board, &c.

CASE OF DR. TYNG.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28, M.

Rev. Mr. Tyng has been found guilty and sentenced to receive public admonition from the Bishop.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28, M.

Gold 1,41[illegible]. Old Bonds 10[illegible]. Sterling 9[illegible].

Cotton dull and lower, 22.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28, M.

Cotton dull. Sales of 8000 bales.

LONDON, Feb. 28, M.

Consols 92[illegible]@93. Bonds 71[illegible].

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, P. M.

SENATE.—A bill was reported abolishing the Bureau of Statistics.

Rules of Impeachment were presented. Their consideration was postponed.

A hundred thousand dollars was appropriated to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to defend himself against claimants for captured and abandoned property in the Court of Claims.

The bill conveying the proceeds of captured and abandoned property into the Treasury, passed.

HOUSE.—A bill regulating the custody and expenditure of public moneys passed. It forbids transfer from one Bureau to another, and the application of surplus money to a deficiency in another. The penalty is imprisonment and fine.

The civil appropriation bill was resumed.

The Speaker announced that the impeachment Committee will probably report articles to-morrow.

IMPEACHMENT REGULATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, P. M.

The day after the articles are presented, the Senate is to resolve itself into a Court at one o'clock. A quorum of the Senate constitutes a quorum of the Court. After the trial commences, the Court sits daily.

Legislation will proceed during the recesses of the Court. The final argument will be made by two on each side, the House having the opening and closing speeches. All orders and decisions to be made by yeas and nays, without debate on the part of Senators. Judge Chase presides. The President need not appear in person. The oath of Senators is, that in all things appertaining to the pending impeachment I will do impartial justice according to the Constitution and laws, so help me God.

The Court compels attendance and punishes contempt and may call the army and navy to its support. The Court sits with open doors.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, P. M.

The Senate has rejected M. N. Wisewell as Assistant Commissioner of Revenue.

Stanton answers a warrant for false imprisonment, that he will attend to it by attorney.

Charles Van Winkle is nominated Marshall of Virginia.

Leading Alabama Radicals were before the Reconstruction Committee yesterday. The Democratic members of the Committee urge the immediate presence or leading men from different parts of Alabama, to explain the facts regarding the late election. They call for affidavits at once regarding fraudulent voting.

GEORGIA CONVENTION.

ATLANTA, Feb. 28, P. M.

Section third of the Judiciary Department, as adopted to-day, provides that until the General Assembly shall authorize differently, there shall be a District Judge, and a District Attorney for each Senatorial District in the State. Said Court to determine all affairs not punishable with death or imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

Paragraph 1, section 8, provides that Judges of the Supreme, Superior and District Courts, the Attorney General and District Attorney shall be appointed by the Governor, a majority of the Senate consenting. One Justice of the Peace to each District, to be elected by the people for a term of four years.

FROM GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 28, P. M.

Gen. Meade has issued an order that as the charge of maladministration in the case of the municipal authorities has not been sustained before the military authorities, it is dismissed.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28, P. M.

Cotton dull and a half cent lower. Sales 3,000 bales.

Flour dull, favors buyers. State 8[illegible]@10[illegible]. Southern 9,80@14,75.

Corn heavy. White Southern 1,18@1,25.

Pork 24,62.

Naval stores unchanged.

Gold 1,41[illegible].

BALTIMORE, Feb., 28, P. M.

Cotton very dull.

White corn $1 15@1,17.

Bacon advanced. Shoulders 11[illegible]@11[illegible]. Clear Sides 14[illegible]@15.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 28, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine, steady at 25. Rosin steady: Low, No. 1, $3. Tar $2,30.

Cotton firm. Middling 20@21[illegible].

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28, P. M.

Cotton closed heavy under unfavorable Manchester advices. Uplands 9[illegible]. Orleans 9[illegible]. Sales 8,000 bales.

Notice to Consignors.

PARTIES, SHIPPING us articles for sale, will please mark their initials, or some letter or character on each package, and advise us, by mail, without delay, of the shipments and the marks.

This will greatly facilitate operations. We are now in receipt of goods, without knowing from whom or whence they came.

Feb 25—4t W. H. JONES & CO.

IMPORTANT SALE!!

PURSUANT TO AN AGREEMENT ENTERED into between THOMAS D. HOGG and SAMUEL ROWLAND, on the 24th. day of January, 1867, I shall proceed to sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock M., on Thursday, the 5th. day of March next, a tract of land called FAIRY KNOWE, situated two miles from Raleigh, on the Newbern Road adjoining the lands of John W. B. Watson and Richard B. Haywood, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN ACRES

with all the houses, out houses, &c, for a farm. TERMS CASH. For particulars, apply to POWELL & BADGER.

R. C. BADGER, Agent
Feb 20-165-td for T. D. Hogg.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOAER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	80c
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	20
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	25
" Graham	5
" Lexington (old)	10
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro, (old)	20
" " " (new)	12
Miners'and Planters' Bank	36
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	20
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	20
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at Bank prices, Gold and silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rate.

Oct. 25-228-3m

Greensboro QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF HENRY G. ELLOGG, Greensboro, N. C.

CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.

Bank of N. C.	80
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	20
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	60
" Lexington at Graham	20
" " Lexington, old	18
" " " new	10
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants Bank of Newbern	65
Farmers Bank of Greensboro, old	20
" " " new	10
Miners & Planters Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wil.	24
Greensboro Mutual	07

Any Bank Notes sent thro Express will be remitted for, on day of receipt, at highest market rate, and if prices given are not satisfactory, the notes will be returned.

We sell Drafts on Pincipal Northern Citis, AND ALSO OF EUROPE.

DEAL IN GOLD AND SILVER, BULLION, MUTILATED AND BROKEN BANK CURRENCY, U. S. BONDS, STOCKS AND SECURITIES, REVENUE STAMPS, NICKEL.

receive deposits, and conduct the business of an incorporated Bank.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.

Feb 21 167-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. R. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. HEDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Echange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, stock, government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT FEB. 7, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	15
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	50
" Roxboro'	50
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	24
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	25
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	25
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	35

Jan 16-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 25) G. B.	50
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	25
" Wilmington	20
" Commerce	17
" Washington	8
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Merchant's Bank, Newborn	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, scent	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	25
Gold	138
Silver	130
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Notes	50
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	15@17
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	17@20
CHICKENS, Spring	25@30
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	20@30
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	5@6,00
HIDES—Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	1,75@2,25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 25@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@1 50
" White	1 50@2 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	4@6
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	18@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	40 50@5 00

REMARKS.

Cotton—Large supply in market. We quote sales to-day (Thursday) at 19 and 20 for best quality; 17 and 18 for common.

Pork scarce. We quote sales from 11½ to 13.

HAND-SAWS, HAMMERS, Hatchets Files and Rasps. W. H. JONES & CO., Feb. 25—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

SPECIAL NOTICES

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat. Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For **Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-codlm

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates

Feb 18-163-tf

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Essay for Young Men on the Cause of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-149-law3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

North Carolina Land Agency.

HAVING ASSOCIATED MYSELF WITH GEN. J. D. IMBODEN, of the City of Richmond, Va., to whose card below I refer the public,

FOR THE SALE OF LANDS, MINES, &c., in North Carolina, I invite those persons in the State having such property for sale, to address me at Reidsville, N. C., and steps will be taken, at once, to call the attention of Northern capitalists to all such property.

Jan. 9th, 1868. D. W. COURTS.

Virginia Central Land Agency.

I HAVE VERY RECENTLY PERFECTED THE organization necessary to conduct, on the large scale, the business of selling

Lands, Mills, Mines, Furnaces, Water-Powers, &c.

My partner, Colonel R. J. PAGE, is in charge of our office in New York. In Philadelphia and Baltimore, I have Associates of the highest respectability and responsibility.

And for the sale of Lands, Mines, &c. in North Carolina, I am associated with D. W. COURTS, Esq., of Reidsville, for many years State Treasurer of N. C.

The facilities this Agency offers for the sale of Lands are not surpassed in the South. In regard to Mines of all kinds, I have made contracts with parties in the cities North of this, who make that branch of the business a specialty, both in this country and Europe, according to me the widest possible field of operations, and in this city I have the aid and services of that accomplished Mineralogist and Assayer, Col. WILLIAM GILHAM, for the prompt analysis of all minerals that may be sent to me,—thus determining the value of mines, before they are offered for sale.

TERMS:—For selling lands, five per cent commission on all sales actually made, but no charge whatever, unless a sale be effected. For Mines, an additional contingent fee, the subject of contract in each case, and payable out of proceeds of sale.

Reference is made to public men generally throughout the State, with most of whom I have the pleasure of being personally acquainted.

Jan. 9—129-tf J. D. IMBODEN.

On Consignment.

TWO be sold low, for cash, Shovels, Spades and Axes, Trace Chains and Frying Pans

W. H. JONES & CO. Auction & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-166-tf

A L S O,

HAMMERS and Weeding Hoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Stew Pans.

W. H. JONES & CO. Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-166-tf

APPLE BUTTER!

500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. *APPLE BUTTER*, in Kits, received this day.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Jan 25-124-tf

Salt! Salt!

8,000 SACKS OF SALT, DIRECT IMPORTATION from Liverpool, for sale by WILLARD BROS.

27, 28 and 29 North Water St., Wilmington.

Dec. 10—106-3m

N. C. Herrings.

SOUND and good, at $5 per Bbl. Also, No. 1, Shore Mackerel.

W. H JONES & CO.

Feb 15-159-tf

L. BRANSON, Ag't N. C. Business Directory. J. A. JONES

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29-148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

50 PAIRS LADIES' SHOES Baltimore manufacture, cheap to close consignment.

W. H. JONES & CO., Feb 25 tf Auc & Com. Merchants.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, FALL TERM, 1867.

William C. Rhodes, ex. parte, Lydia Rhodes. } *Petition for Divorce.*

In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Sheriff of said County, having returned upon the Petition and Subpœna in this cause, to Fall Term, 1867, of said Court, that the defendant was "*not to be found.*" Proclamation was thereupon made at the Court House for said defendant and said defendant not appearing, it was ordered that advertisement be made, in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively, notifying said defendant to be and appear at the next Term of Wake Superior Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Raleigh on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March next; and if the defendant shall fail to attend at the above named time then the cause will be determined *ex parte*.

Witness, J. N. BUNTING, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the first Monday after the fourth Monday of September, A. D. 1867

J. N. BUNTING, S. C. C.

Jan 13-132-d1aw6w.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE, ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during its session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BETTELIN, President.

BROTHER CYANAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.

WM. E. A AIKIN M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

ALBERT TAYLOR BUNNION, A. M., Ll. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.

BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.

BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.

SAMUEL R. W. DECKER, Ph D., Professor of Latin and Greek.

ANTHONY THOUTHOFF, Adjunct Professor of Latin.

JEAN VANNI, Professor of Drawing and French.

BROTHER LUKE, Professor of German and Music.

F. UNGER, Ph. D., Professor of Music.

BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.

BROTHER PETER, Prefect.

BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.

DR. J. H. O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.

DR. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition $200 00
Entrance Fee $5; Physician's Fee $6.
Music and Drawing, extra.

Oct. 22—65-lawtf

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTOOG.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE

DIRECTORS:

John Enders,	Henry K. Ellyson,
William F. Taylor,	Asa Snyder,
Samuel S. Cottrell,	H. K. C. Baskerville,
John Dooley,	Seqund C. Tardy,
Charles T. Wortham,	George Jacobs,
William Willis, Jr.	J. W. Allison,
Ed. A. Smith,	George S. Palmer,
Thos. J. Evans,	A. D. Chockley,
James K. Scott,	H. C. Cabell,
H. M. Quarles,	D. J. Hartzock,
W. H. Tyler,	John C. Williams,
J. F. Edwards,	William G. Taylor,
A. Y. Stokes,	A. P. Aleck
J. B. Morton,	W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell,	George L. Bidgood,
William H. Palmer,	Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't. LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,
R. SMITH'S corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28—97-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS, AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c.

At the old stand of S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Raleigh, Feb. 15, 1868.

THE BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEments, in consequence of a certificate to them under an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company to put said Road under contract," ratified 27th. February 1867, having notified me to subscribe for one million, three hundred and forty-two thousand four hundred and sixty-six and 66⅔ dollars of the capital stock of said Company, in order to pay said subscription, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned on or before the 2nd. day of March 1868, for the purchase of one million three hundred and forty-two thousand dollars, bonds of the State of North Carolina, with coupons for interest at 6 per cent. payable semi-annually on the first days of July and January in each year, at the National Bank of the Republic in the City of New York, and the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the 1st. January 1868, said bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000 each.

As collateral security for the payment of said bond, ten shares of stock in the North Carolina Railroad Company are mortgaged, in accordance with "An Act to enhance the value of the Bonds to be issued for the completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad and for other purposes," ratified 15th December 1866.

The aforesaid Bonds are exempt from taxation. No bid for less than par will be entertained.

KEMP P. BATTLE, Pub. Treas.

Feb 18-163-4

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!

FIVE BARRELS CORN WHISKEY

PROOF

FOR SALE CHEAP BY

Feb 14 160-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CORN!

A SOTHER lot to-day received, and for sale by

Jan 28-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE, WITH SEVEN acres of land attached,—good dwelling and necessary out houses, and the best water in the vicinity of the city.

Feb 15-157-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, and BILE, SALIVATION, WHITE SWELLINGS, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SITTH, M. D.,
C. G. CHESTEEN, M. D.,
T. C. DAVIS, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.,
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1868.

THE PRESIDENT—NOBLE UTTERANCES.

A Committee, appointed by the citizens of Baltimore waited on the President, on Wednesday, and assured him of their warmest sympathy and of the support of a great majority of the people of Baltimore.

The President, in reply, said:

"I shall not attempt in set terms and measured phrase to respond to the remarks you have made in reference to the condition of affairs at present agitating the public mind. The presentation of such kind sentiments, and the encouragement which they give, constrain me, however, to say that they afford me a gratification which words are inadequate to express. Such assurances at this time give strength and courage in the fierce conflict which now prevails around us. Pointing you to the past as an index to what my future conduct will be, I beg you to believe that in an honest effort faithfully to discharge the high and responsible duties imposed upon me by the Constitution and the Laws, I will consider no personal sacrifice too great for me to bear. Such a sacrifice cannot be compared with the great object to be attained, of preserving the principles of our Republic, by a strict adherence to the Constitution and the Laws made in pursuance of its provisions. God being willing, I will perform my duty, let the consequences be what they may. From my advent into public life, now some years ago, until the present time, I have passed through many ordeals in my struggle for the interests of the people. Never, however, have I, for a moment, swerved from the straight line of duty; and, standing in this presence, I can sincerely declare that as yet there has been no occasion when, having been assigned to the duty, I have abandoned my post. I rely now, as in the past, upon the intelligence, the patriotism, and the virtue of the American people, who I believe will come in all their might and strength to the rescue of their country, and save it from the destruction which now seems to threaten its ruin. My faith in the American people is strong and abiding. I have never betrayed them, nor do I believe that now, when the waves of passion threaten to engulf the land, they will desert or abandon one who in their cause is engaged in an earnest struggle for the preservation of constitutional liberty and the supremacy of civil authority.

I again thank you, gentlemen, for this encouragement, and assure you that so long as the vital current continues to warm and animate my existence, and memory holds its place, this occasion will be remembered and cherished."

QUEER JUSTICE.

The proceedings in the case of General Thomas strike us as unprecedented. A Judge of the Court deems that high considerations of official duty should require him to issue his warrant at one in the morning in order to bring an alleged criminal before him. He exacts five thousand dollars bail for the appearance of the accused, and fixes an early day for a hearing. On that morning the accused is present with his counsel, and a continuance is asked for by the prosecution—in a case, remember, where the exigency was so pressing that a judge acts at midnight. The judge is about to grant the continuance when the prisoner's counsel notify the court that his bail surrendered him, and ask that the case be transferred from the judge in chambers to the Criminal Court, whose sessions have been interrupted to hold this important hearing. But this was the very thing that the prosecution did not want; for if General Thomas had committed a high crime against the laws, and his bail surrendered him, he must go to prison, and if in prison, would be reached by a writ of *habeas corpus*, which would bring the question before the Supreme Court. The counsel for the defence insisted that their client's case should be disposed of by either discharging him as guilty of no offence, or holding him for the Criminal Court under a criminal charge, and without bail, and therefore to be sent to prison. The court turned its back on itself, discharged the prisoner as an innocent man; and thus a Judge, to serve a party, lets a prisoner go for an offence for which he formerly exacted $5,000 bail. The proceeding needs no comment.—*Washington Express, (neutral.)*

THE IMPEACHMENT.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette* gives the following picture of Old Thad. Stevens, when he presented the impeachment resolution to the Senate:

"Every feature of his ghastly face seemed distorted with hate, his eye flashed with the fire which too surely indicated the malignancy of his heart. His attenuated frame was, for the moment, flooded with passion, and, as he repeated the words: "Do impeach Andrew Johnson," his breathing assumed the hissing of the serpent. No one who witnessed this scene can ever forget it. It impressed visibly even the President of the Senate himself. No sooner had Stevens performed the role allotted to him in this plot against the Nation's honor than the fires within died out, and the poor old man, who had nerved himself for the occasion, would have fallen to the floor, had not Senator Doolittle kindly tendered him a seat. Great eagerness is manifested to-night to ascertain as far as possible the views of the different Senators in relation to the several points to be decided by the High Court of Impeachment."

The same correspondent adds:

"A prominent New England Radical Senator declared to-day, in the presence of several friends that he did'nt know which would do the Republican party the most injury, the conviction or the acquittal of the President; and another expressed openly the opinion that the impeachment movement would lose the Republican party the States of New Hampshire and Connecticut. A Northern Senator, with other gentlemen who are understood to control, in some measure, the operations of Wall street, have been telegraphing that the impeachment scheme would fail, and such is really the general impression in official and political circles here."

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. TERMS MODERATE.
Apply to
MRS. A. M. GORMAN.
Feb 7-154-tf

Choice Maryland Hams!

SOMETHING NICE.—up-day receiving by
Jan 29-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FOR SALE.

ANOTHER lot of those delightful CIGARS, "La Bouquet," "Tres Reinas" and "Legatissimo."
W. H. JONES & CO.
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Feb 29-166-tf

Mullette, Mullette.

FOR sale by the Barrel, on consignment, by
Feb 21-165-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

State Conservative Convention, At Raleigh, Feb. 5th and 6th, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. THOS BRAGG, Raleigh, *Chairman.*

RESIDENT COMMITTEE AT RALEIGH.

Hon A S Merrimon,
" Daniel G Fowle.
Gen W R Cox.
Seaton Gales, Esq.
J P H Russ, Esq.
M A Bledsoe, Esq.
R C Badger, *Secretary.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

Hon W N H Smith, Hertford.
William A Moore, Chowan.
Mills L Eure, Gates.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry R Bryan, Craven.
Geo V Strong, Wayne.
Thos S Kenan, Duplin.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Hon. Geo Howard, Edgecombe.
Jos J Davis, Franklin.
Gen M W Ransom, Northampton.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hon J M Leach, Davidson.
Livingston Brown, Caswell.
Jas T Morehead, Jr., Guilford.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Col E D Hall, New Hanover.
Archibald McLean, Cumberland.
Hon Thos S Ashe, Anson.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R F Armfield, Wilkes.
W M Robbins, Rowan.
Hon J H Wilson, Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Plato Durham, Cleaveland.
A C Avery, Burke.
M L McCorkle, Catawba.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

R M Stokes, Buncombe.
Cassius Gudger, Macon.
W L Love, Haywood.

National Democratic Convention.

DELEGATES.

Hon. W. N. H. Smith,
Gen. W. R. Cox,
W. A. Wright, Esq.,
Jno. F. Hoke, Esq.,

ALTERNATES.

Jno. Hughes, Esq.,
Jno. A. Gilmer, Jr.,
A. C. Cowles, Esq.,
Hon. A. T. Davidson.

A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a Chairman and thirty members, six of whom shall reside in Raleigh, and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The Committee shall have power to maintain its organization, by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registration, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organizations, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and, when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

Resolved, That the President of the Convention appoint five or more persons, in each County, to make a thorough canvass of the same, and disseminate proper political information.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Conservative people of North Carolina having, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th, of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people of the Reconstruction Acts and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved* That it is the opinion of this Convention, that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is Negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically, and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper means within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudices against that race; that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder, in the last resort, of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact, as established by law in the earlier and better days of the Republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates, for the State at large, to represent the Conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the Conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, which has been appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient, to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered; and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said offices.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.

Alamance County.—Dr. John A. Moore, James A. Graham, James E. Boyd, George Patterson, Sr., T. M. Holt.

Anson.—Thomas S. Ashe, Arch'd. Niven, C. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, W. P. Kendall.

Beaufort.—Thomas Sparrow, Joseph B. Stickney, Churchill Gorham, F. B. Satterthwaite, Edward S. Marsh.

Burke.—Thos. G. Walton, S. C. W. Tate, Dr. David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno. F. Merrill.

Brunswick.—Capt. D. E. Allen, Samuel R. Chinnis, Col. S. D. Thurston, Thos. Drew, Asa Rols.

Bladen.—Rev. Colin Shaw, George Cromartie, Jno. A. Richardson, Thos. H. Sutton and J. W. Purdie, Duncan Kelly, W. J. Parker, Esqrs.

Cabarrus.—William S. Harris, John M. Long, Dr. L. S. Bingham, Dr. F. M. Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell.—Maj. W. H. Malone, Gen. S. F. Patterson, Edward W. Jones, Rev. Isaac Gaffood, R. H. Moody.

Chatham.—M. Q. Waddell, John Manning, Jr., H. A. London, Jr., B. J. Howze, James F. Rives.

Carteret.—Dr. L. W. Martin, L. S. Oglesby, John M. Perry, Samuel Lefters, Ben. H. Bell.

Catawba.—Dr. Ellis, Dr. Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G. James, Capt. Helton, A J Whitner, J H Bruns, Samuel Tucker, Wesley Bandy, Daniel Deal, Capt. M. P. Sherrill, George Yoder.

Caswell.—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S. P. Hill, G. W. Thompson.

Columbus.—John W. Ellis, W. J. Stanley, Fourney George, V. V. Richardson, J. M. McGougan.

Cleveland.—Lee M McAfee, J W Gidney, M D Lee, H Cabaniss, A R Homesly.

Craven.—Henry R. Bryan, Alexander C. Latham, Wm. C. Mead, John Hughes, Dr. P. E. Hines, H. T. Guion, Alex. Justice, Jno. H. Haughton, J. N. Washington.

Currituck.—Dr. W. H. Lassell, Burwell M. Baxter, James M. Woodhouse, William Sliaw, T. C. Humphreys.

Camden.—Col. D. D. Ferebee, Dr. Mullen, C. G. Luke, W. B. Ferebee and Willis Sanderlin.

Davidson.—C. F. Lowe, Henry Walser, Sr., F. C. Robbins, J. H. Welborn, M. H. Pinnix, S. S. Jones.

Duplin.—Prof. N. B. Webster, Col. Wm. A. Allen, Capt. A. J. Brown, Wm. R. Ward, J. D. Stanford, J. E. Hussey.

Gaston.—W. T. Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robt. Holland, Col. Wm. Stowe, Eph. Black.

Granville.—Col. J. S. Amis, R. A. Jenkins, N. E. Cannady, W. H. P. Jenkins, T. L. Hargrove.

Guilford.—Peter Adams, Sr., David F. Caldwell, Jos. W. Gilmer, Levi M. Scott, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Halifax.—Edward Conigland, Mason L. Wiggins, Dr. Henry Macon, R. H. Smith, William H. Day.

Hertford.—J. J. Yeates, Dr. G. C. Moore, Dr. R. H. Shields, Dr. R. H Smith, J. B. Slaughter.

New Hanover.—Col. R. H. Cowan, Maj. Robert Strange, Maj. C. W. McClammy, and D. B. Baker, Esq.

Iredell.—Thos. A. Nicholson, J. H. Hill, R. A. McLaughlin, R. R. Dempster, Colonel John Malt.

Jones.—R. R. Jones, C. B. Koonce, E. S. Franks, H. C. Foscue, F. Foy, E. M. Foscue.

Johnston.—J. H. Abell, L. R. Waddell, C. B. Sanders, W. H. Avera, Seth Woodall, Edw. S. Parker.

Lenoir.—Dr. H. W. Blount, J. C. Wooten, A. Munroe, G. F. Whitfield, Wm. J. Pape.

Lincoln.—W. J. Hoke, D. Schenck, W. A. Graham, W. F. Hynes, J. A. Caldwell.

Mecklenburg (in part.)—Hon. Z. B. Vance, Hon. J. W. Osborne, Col. H. C. Jones, Hon. J. H. Wilson, Gen. J. A. Young, Col. Wm. Johnston.

McDowell.—Gen. Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, W. W. Fleming, Dr. John Yancey, Dr. McCoy.

Moore.—Gen D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw; Capt James D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Doctor H Turner.

Northampton.—Gen T J Person, R B Peebles, Dr J C Jacobs, N Thomas Mason, W W Peebles, Dr W S Copeland.

Orange.—James Watson, John F. Lyon, W. W. Guess, John W. Graham, R. F. Webb.

Onslow.—John W. Shackleford, E. W. Penvilla, Henry H. Sandlin, M. L. F. Rhodel, W. P. Ward.

Pitt.—E C Yellowley, Dr. C J O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W R Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L G Little.

Richmond.—B F Little, W D Townsend, James T Rosser, James P Leak, John Johnson.

Robeson.—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H McEachen, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan.—P E Shber, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hank, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Richard Coran, Jno. K. Graham.

Rutherford.—L J Erwin, J M Whiteside, Joseph Carson, W H Miler, Dr Thomas S Duffy.

Sampson.—Col A A McKoy, William S Devane, R C Holmes, D H A Bizzell, Dr J T Murphy.

Surry.—H M Waugh, H C Hampton, —— Gilmer, Dr Joseph Hollingsworth, N H Gwyn.

Wayne.—C S Wootet, George V Strong, William G Morisey, E A Wright, Gray C. Garris.

Wilkes.—Dr C L Coke, Dr James Calloway, E A Welboune, Dr Tyre York, Phineas Horton.

Wake.—Charles M Busbee, J Q DeCarteret, Jesse A Norri, George Whiting, Jacob Fleming, R W York, Jesse Winburn, G H Alford, Col. Geo H. Faribault, Geo. H. Snow.

Warren.—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P R Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin.—William A Robey, J William, Sr., Joseph Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Roughton.

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Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents.

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BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co., Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co., Salisbury.
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Jan. 11—131 tf General Agents for N. C.

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R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

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Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

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RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

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FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS. Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's order'd work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit, —worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times

A fine variety of FEE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. AIDREWS & CO'S,
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HATS! HATS HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S
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JUST RECEIVED,

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS in great variety,
At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's
Gent's Furnishing Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

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GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

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The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $3,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

Peas! Peas!

100 BUSHELS, sound clean Peas.
Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

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THE VIRGINIA BOOT & SHOE POLISH, said to be a very superior article.
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A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by
Jan 28—140-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three coordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly "	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Dec. 28th., 1868. Proprietor

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Bases, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

FAMILY FLOUR!

A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by
Jan 21-153-1w LYNN ADAMS.

Important Order from Gen. Canby.

HEADQ'RS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT,
CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 168.

I. Paragraph II of General Orders No. 10, from the Headquarters of the Second Military District, dated April 11, 1867, is modified as follows:

SUITS FOR DEBT.

Judgments or decrees for the payment of money on causes of action arising in South Carolina between the 20th of May, 1861, and the 20th day of April, 1865, and in South Carolina between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the 20th day of April, 1865, shall not be enforced, by execution against the person or property of the defendant. Proceedings for such causes of action now pending, shall be stayed, and no suit or process shall be instituted or commenced on such causes of action until after the civil government of the respective States shall be established in accordance with the laws of the United States.

Paragraph III of the same order is modified as follows:

EXECUTIONS.

Sheriffs, coroners and constables are hereby directed to suspend the sale of all property upon execution, or process under any judgment or decree of a court of the so-called Confederate States, or of the State of North Carolina, rendered between the 20th day of May, 1861, and the organization of the provisional government of said State, under the President's proclamation of the 29th day of April, 1865, or of the State of South Carolina, rendered between the 19th day of December 1860, and the organization of the provisional government of the said State, under the President's proclamation of the 20th day of June, 1865, unless the written consent of the defendant be entered of record, and except in cases where the plaintiff or his attorney, upon oath, supported by corroborative testimony, shall allege that the defendant is disposing of, removing, or about to remove, his property beyond the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to defraud his creditors; *provided*, that no such judgment, so rendered, within the periods aforesaid, shall be a bar to the commencement, in a State court, of a new suit upon the same cause of action in any case in which, by law, the defendant may remove or appeal the same to a court of the United States.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

The sale of real or personal property by foreclosure of mortgage, is likewise suspended in the cases embraced in paragraphs II and III, of said order No. 10 as above amended, except in cases where interest money accruing subsequent to the 20th, of April, 1865, shall not have been paid before the day of sale, and all previous restrictions on such sales are revoked.

Paragraph IV of the same order is modified by substituting the 20th. day of April, 1865, for the 18th. day of May, 1865.

Paragraph V of the same order is modified as follows:

SUITS ON NEGRO DEBTS.

All proceedings for the recovery of money on contracts, whether under seal or by parol, the consideration of which was the purchase of slaves, made subsequent to the 1st. day of January, 1865, are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered for such causes of action shall not be enforced.

Paragraph VII of the same order is modified as follows:

HOMESTEADS.

In all sales of property under execution or by order of any Court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances, and (if in the country) twenty acres of land, or so much thereof that the whole shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand dollars, and in a town or city, the immediate lot upon which such dwelling house is situated; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence and implements of husbandry, trade, or other employment, to the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families, in other cases the exemption shall extend only to clothing and implements of trade or employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of two hundred dollars. The exemptions hereby made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of any defendant who has a family dependent upon him or her for support, and the exempted property shall be ascertained and defined by the Sheriff or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall call to his aid two impartial citizens to make the necessary appraisement, and shall make report thereof to the Court.

ARREST FOR FRAUDULENT DEBTS.

Paragraph X is hereby modified so as to authorize arrest in civil actions *ex contractu* only in cases where the demand is past due, and the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting the debt sued for, or has removed or disposed of his property, or is about to do so, with intent to defraud his creditors, or is about to leave the State with such intent.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES.

Paragraph XVI, is amended by adding thereto: All proceedings in any court of North Carolina, or South Carolina, recognizing or sanctioning the investment of the funds of minor heirs, or of females, or of insane persons, in the securities of the late rebel government, or the securities of the States of North Carolina or South Carolina, created for the purpose of carrying on war against the Government of the United States, will be suspended until the question of the validity of such investments shall have been determined by the courts of the United States, or by national legislation. And nothing in the provisions of this order, or of the order No. 10 above cited, shall be held to bar or hinder the recovery, by suit, of the estate of any minor heir, female or insane person, (*cestui que trust*), whether in the hands of executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, masters or clerks of equity courts, and other fiduciary agents, or invested by them in their fiduciary character.

DISTILLERIES.

II. General Order 25, of May 20, 1867, is revoked; and on and after the first day of January, 1868, the distillation of spirituous liquors in this Military District will be subject to such restrictions only as are imposed by the laws of the United States and of the States of North and South Carolina, respectively.

BAR ROOMS.

III. Paragraphs VI and VII of General Orders No. 32, dated May 30, 1867, are revoked, and the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors is remitted to the proper local authories, to take effect on and after the 1st. day of January, 1868, and to be subject to the following conditions:

1. The municipal authorities granting the license shall be answerable that the parties to whom such licenses are granted, together with their sureties, shall be responsible persons and of good moral standing in the community, and that both principal and sureties shall be able to qualify individually in double the amount of the bond required, and that the bond shall be a lien upon the personal property of both principal and sureties, and upon proof of default shall warrant the summary seizure and sale of so much of the property of either or both as may be necessary to satisfy the forfeiture or fine and costs.

2. Drunkenness or disorderly conduct on the premises shall work the forfeiture of the license and of the penalty of the bond.

3. The owner or keeper of any bar-room, saloon or other place at which intoxicating liquors are sold, and all other persons interested or connected therewith, shall be regarded as principals in any action of damages growing out of any assault, riot, affray or other disorder occurring on the premises, or directly traceable thereto.

4. All bar-rooms, saloons or other places at which intoxicating liquors are sold, shall be closed on the day or days of any general or local election, and for the twelve hours next preceding the opening and next succeeding the closing of the polls at such election; and the sheriffs of counties and districts and the chief of police of cities and towns shall have power to direct the closing of bar-rooms and other places for the sale of intoxicating liquors, whenever it may be necessary in their judgment to preserve order and quiet.

5. The proceeds of all licenses, forfeitures and fines, under the local regulations or under the provisions of military orders, will be devoted to the support of the poor, and as soon as realized will be turned over to the Commissioners or Overseers of the poor of the District, County, City or Town in which they are accrued, and the Commissioners or Overseers will at the end of each month report to the Provost Marshal-General of the District the amount received by them during the month, specifying the name of the parties from whom it was received.

6. The penalties imposed by this order or by the local police regulations, may be enforced in any civil or military Court, and upon conviction the Court may award to the informer a sum not exceeding fifty per cent. of the forfeiture or fine. And it is made the duty of all Sheriffs, Constables, and Coroners of Counties and Districts, and the police of cities and towns, to be vigilant in the enforcement of the police regulations and the provisions of this order in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The provisions of this paragraph will be held to apply to such licenses granted under General Orders No. 32, to inn-keepers, as remain unexpired after the first of January, 1868.

DISTRICT COURTS.

IV. To promote the speedy trial of prisoners confined for minor offences, and diminish the cost of their maintenance, all committing magistrates will, on the 15th. and last days of each month, report to the judge of their county or District Court all commitments made by them during the preceding half month, specifying the date of commitments, the names of the prisoners, and the offences for which they were committed, to the end that the judges may, whenever in their opinion the number of prisoners or other considerations of public interest call for it, hold special terms of their courts, for the purpose disposing of such cases. The additional expenses of holding such special terms will be a charge upon the State Treasury, and the accounts therefor will be audited and paid as accounts of a similar character are, now audited and paid, the salaries now paid the judges should in each case, in view of the additional labor produced by them, a reasonable addition, upon proper representations through the Governor of the State, will be allowed.

PILOTAGE.

V. The pilotage regulations now existing in the States of North and South Carolina are so far modified that, on and after the first day of March, 1868, all passenger steam vessels regulated by the laws of the United States, and commanding a pilot commissioned by United States Government, shall be exempt from the compulsory payment of pilotage.

NORTH CAROLINA POLL TAX.

VI. So much of the act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, entitled "An act to raise money," ratified on the 26th. day of February, 1867, as makes it "the duty of all persons, corporations to list and pay the [illegible] of taxes for which they are [illegible] to the assessors, as are in their respective counties, on the 1st. day of April of each year, as [illegible] is provided, and [illegible] or [illegible] shall be assessed directly upon and collected directly from the individuals from whom they are deemed proper, that the provisions of [illegible] shall not apply to the taxes levied by the present act, except that double poll taxes are to be collected of the original tax to be paid on or before the 1st day of March, 1868.

By command of Brevet Major General Ed. R. S. CANBY.

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